PROGRAF <sup>®</sup> (tacrolimus immediate release)		
GENERIC NAME	BRAND NAME	REASON FOR USE
Tacrolimus immediate release	PROGRAF <sup>®</sup>	Tacrolimus is an <u>anti-rejection</u> drug. It works to suppress specific cells of
<b>Strengths:</b> 0.5, 1 and 5 mg capsules		your immune system in order to prevent rejection of your transplanted organ.

## SIDE EFFECTS

#### 1. INCREASED BLOOD PRESSURE

Your blood pressure will be monitored. You may require treatment with blood pressure medications.

#### 2. EFFECTS ON THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

This can include trembling hands, headaches, mood changes and trouble sleeping. This is usually related to the level of Prograf<sup>®</sup> in the blood and usually subsides with time as blood levels are decreased.

## 3. HARMFUL EFFECTS ON THE KIDNEY

The level of Prograf<sup>®</sup> in your blood will be closely monitored and the dose will be adjusted if needed. Your kidney function will be monitored with a blood test called creatinine.

#### 4. GASTROINTESTINAL UPSET

This may include stomach upset and diarrhea. The degree to which this occurs is variable and will depend on how your body reacts with the medication

#### 5. DIABETES (Increased blood sugar)

Your blood sugar (glucose) levels will be monitored. You may require treatment with medication if your blood glucose levels remain persistently high.

## 6. INCREASED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO INFECTION

Try to avoid close contact with people who have active infections. Report any symptoms of infection such as fever, sore throat, chills, or fast pulse to a doctor or your transplant team *immediately*.

## 7. INCREASED RISK OF DEVELOPING CANCER

The risk for developing certain types of cancers is higher. It is important to be aware of and report any changes in your body that could indicate a problem.

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#### DOSAGE ADJUSTMENTS

You will be advised to adjust your dose up or down based on the amount of Prograf<sup>®</sup> in your blood. Blood tests are done just before your morning dose. On the days you are having bloodwork, always remember to **delay your morning dose of Prograf<sup>®</sup> until after your blood is drawn**. Changes in dose are common so always check with your transplant team if you are unsure of your current dose.

#### STORAGE

## INTERACTIONS WITH OTHER MEDICATIONS

- Many medications can change the level of Prograf<sup>®</sup> in your blood. This may cause serious problems.
- Do not take **any** medications, including non-prescription drugs or prescriptions (given to you by anyone other than your transplant doctors), without first contacting your transplant team.
- Avoid grapefruit and grapefruit juice as these can increase Prograf<sup>®</sup> blood levels.

### REMEMBER

Wear/carry identification (*i.e.* Medic Alert) stating that you are immunocompromised.

## TAKING YOUR MEDICATION

- Prograf<sup>®</sup> (tacrolimus immediate release) is taken twice daily every 12 hours, *e.g.* 9:00 am and 9:00 pm. This is to ensure that you maintain a consistent amount of drug in your body. Always take your doses at the same times every day.
- Always be consistent with respect to Prograf<sup>®</sup> dosing and meal consumption (*i.e.* if you take the medication with food, always take it with food).
- Avoid grapefruit and grapefruit juice as these can increase Prograf<sup>®</sup> blood levels.
- Do not get this medication confused with Advagraf<sup>®</sup> (tacrolimus extended release), which is a once-daily formulation of tacrolimus.

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